

# Reversing C++ - How not the get an heart attack

## Agenda

- Motivation
- Reversing C++ at a Glance
- Dynamic Binary Instrumentation to the Rescue
- Solution

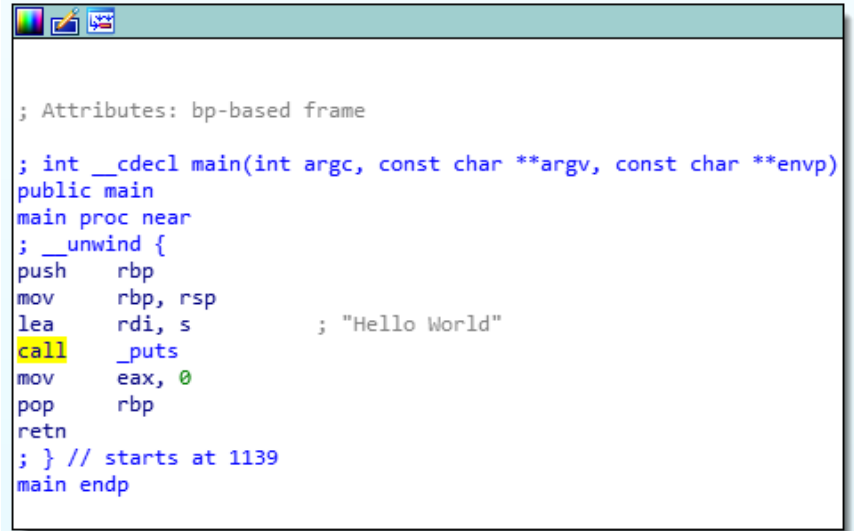
# Reverse Engineering

- Find out how software works
  - Find vulnerabilities
  - Understand the software
  - ...
- Static and/or dynamic

## C and Assembly side by side

```
#include<stdio.h>

int main() {
    printf("Hello World\n");
    return 0;
}
```



```
; Attributes: bp-based frame

; int __cdecl main(int argc, const char **argv, const char **envp)
public main
main proc near
; __unwind {
push    rbp
mov     rbp, rsp
lea    rdi, s          ; "Hello World"
call   _puts
mov     eax, 0
pop     rbp
retn
; } // starts at 1139
main endp
```



# C++ and Assembly side by side

```
class Hello {  
    public:  
    Hello() {}  
    virtual void printWorld() {cout << "Hello"; }  
};
```

```
class HelloWorld : public Hello {  
    public: HelloWorld() {}  
    virtual void printWorld() {  
        cout << "Hello World";  
    }  
};
```

```
int main() {  
    Hello *my_hello;  
    my_hello = new HelloWorld();  
    my_hello->printWorld();  
    return 0; }
```

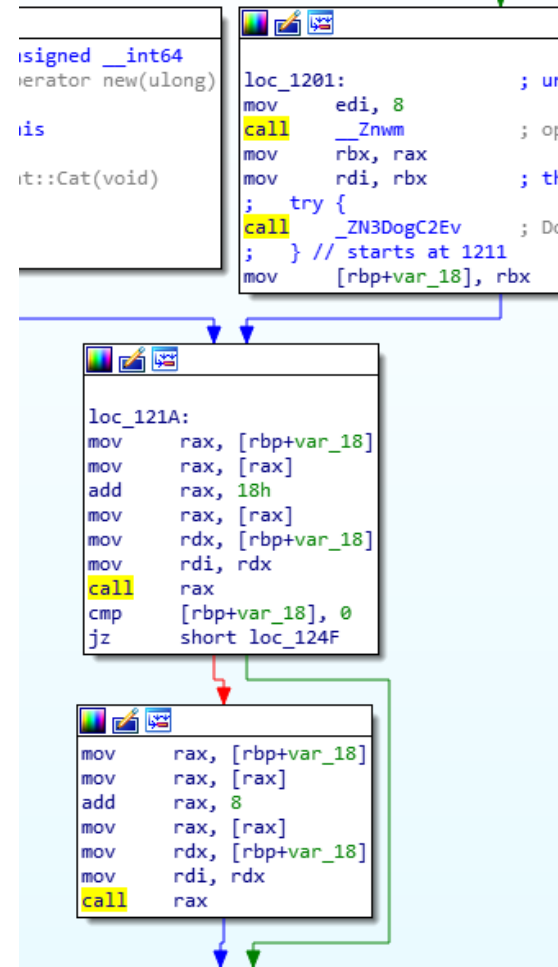
```
; Attributes: bp-based frame  
  
; int __cdecl main(int argc, const char **argv, const char **envp)  
public main  
main proc near  
  
var_18= qword ptr -18h  
  
; __unwind {  
push    rbp  
mov     rbp, rsp  
push   rbx  
sub    rsp, 18h  
mov    edi, 8          ; unsigned __int64  
call   __Znwm          ; operator new(ulong)  
mov    rbx, rax  
mov    rdi, rbx       ; this  
call   _ZN10HelloWorldC2Ev ; HelloWorld::HelloWorld(void)  
mov    [rbp+var_18], rbx  
mov    rax, [rbp+var_18]  
mov    rax, [rax]  
mov    rax, [rax]  
mov    rdx, [rbp+var_18]  
mov    rdi, rdx  
call   rax  
mov    eax, 0  
add    rsp, 18h  
pop    rbx  
pop    rbp  
retn  
; } // starts at 1169  
main endp
```



## Reversing C++ at a Glance

## Reversing C++ can be tedious

- Objects created dynamically
- (Multiple) inheritance support
- Information only available at runtime



## Virtual Functions

- Functions can be overwritten by derived classes
- Without virtual keyword:
  - Early binding
  - Type is determined at compile time
- With virtual keyword
  - Late binding
  - Type is determined at runtime





# Virtual functions

```
class Hello {  
    public:  
    Hello() {}  
    virtual void printWorld() {cout << "Hello"; }  
};
```

```
class HelloWorld : public Hello {  
    public: HelloWorld() {}  
    virtual void printWorld() {  
        cout << "Hello World";  
    }  
};
```

```
int main() {  
    Hello *my_hello;  
    my_hello = new HelloWorld();  
    my_hello->printWorld();  
    return 0; }
```

- \$ g++ test.cpp -o testcpp
- \$ ./testcpp
  - Hello World



# Virtual functions

```
class Hello {  
    public:  
    Hello() {}  
        void printWorld() {cout << "Hello"; }  
};
```

```
class HelloWorld : public Hello {  
    public: HelloWorld() {}  
        void printWorld() {  
            cout << "Hello World";  
        }  
};
```

```
int main() {  
    Hello *my_hello;  
    my_hello = new HelloWorld();  
    my_hello->printWorld();  
    return 0; }
```

- \$ g++ test\_no\_virt.cpp -o test\_no\_virt
- \$ ./test\_no\_virt
  - Hello

## How virtual functions work

- Details depend on compiler
- Relies on Virtual function table (vtable)
  - Structure with pointers to virtual functions
  - Offset in table is accessed when function is called

```
; Attributes: bp-based frame

; int __cdecl main(int argc, const char **argv, const char **envp)
public main
main proc near

var_18= qword ptr -18h

; __unwind {
push    rbp
mov     rbp, rsp
push    rbx
sub     rsp, 18h
mov     edi, 8           ; unsigned __int64
call    __Znwm           ; operator new(unsigned)
mov     rbx, rax
mov     rdi, rbx        ; this
call    _ZN10HelloWorldC2Ev ; HelloWorld::HelloWorld(void)
mov     [rbp+var_18], rbx
mov     rax, [rbp+var_18]
mov     rax, [rax]
mov     rax, [rax]
mov     rdx, [rbp+var_18]
mov     rdi, rdx
call    rax
mov     eax, 0
add     rsp, 18h
pop     rbx
pop     rbp
retn
; } // starts at 1169
main endp
```

## Cross References

- Fast method to reconstruct call graph
  - What does a function call
  - From where is this function called
- Eases navigation in disassembled binary



# Vtables I

```
class Hello {
public:
    Hello() {}
    virtual void printWorld()
        {cout << "Hello"; }
};

class HelloWorld : public Hello {
public: HelloWorld() {}
    virtual void printWorld() {
        cout << "Hello World";
    }
};

int main() {
    Hello *my_hello;
    my_hello = new HelloWorld();
    my_hello->printWorld();
    return 0; }
```

vtable for HelloWorld:

```
.quad 0
.quad typeinfo for HelloWorld
.quad HelloWorld::printWorld()
```

vtable for Hello:

```
.quad 0
.quad typeinfo for Hello
.quad Hello::printWorld()
```



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## Vtables II

```
class Hello {
public:
    Hello() {}
    virtual void fHello()
        {cout << "frmHello";}
    virtual void printWorld()
        {cout << "Hello"; }
};
class HelloWorld : public Hello {
public:
    HelloWorld() {}
    virtual void printWorld()
        { cout << "Hello World"; }
    virtual void vfWorld()
        {cout << "frmHelloWorld";}
    void fWorld()
        {cout << "frmHelloWorld";}
};
```

vtable for HelloWorld:

```
.quad 0
.quad typeinfo for HelloWorld
.quad Hello::fHello()
.quad HelloWorld::printWorld()
.quad HelloWorld::vfWorld()
```

vtable for Hello:

```
.quad 0
.quad typeinfo for Hello
.quad Hello::fHello()
.quad Hello::printWorld()
```

## Hybrid Approach

- Static analysis only is not sufficient
- We need runtime information
  - Use dynamic acquired information to help static analysis

## Dynamic Binary Instrumentation (DBI) to the Rescue



## What is DBI

- Instrument binaries dynamically
- Aka dynamic binary rewriting
- Think JIT-compiler, but for machine code
- Inject custom instrumentation at interesting points
  - On end/beginning of basic block
  - On every instruction
  - On function entry/exit
  - On call instruction

## Debugger vs DBI

Debugger	Dynamic Binary Instrumentation
Slow – Lots of context switches	Faster – Fewer switches
Build for debugging applications	Build with custom extensibility in mind
Coarse granularity	Fine granularity
Simpler to use	Harder to use

## DBI Framework Overview

	Frida	Intel Pin	DynamoRio
Licence	OSS Friendly	Proprietary Software Free of charge	BSD Licence
Language(s)	JavaScript Python	C/C++	C/C++
Maturity	Immature	Mature	Mature
Documentation	Not so good	Okay, lots of examples	Okay, lots of examples
Granularity	Suffcient	Good	Good
Architectures	X86, ARM, MIPS	X86	X86, ARM



Solution – Introducing Devi

## Devi's Architecture

- Trace execution of binary with Frida
  - Instrument every call instruction
  - Check if call is in the specified module
  - Disassemble call and check if indirect
  - Save indirect calls as JSON
- IDA Plugin
  - Load JSON
  - Create Cross Reference for indirect calls

Before Dev1

```
; int __cdecl main(int argc, const char **argv, const char **envp)
public main
main proc near

var_18= qword ptr -18h

; __unwind {
push    rbp
mov     rbp, rsp
push    rbx
sub     rsp, 18h
mov     edi, 8          ; unsigned __int64
call    __Znwm          ; operator new(ulong)
mov     rbx, rax
mov     rdi, rbx        ; this
call    _ZN10HelloWorldC2Ev ; HelloWorld::HelloWorld(void)
mov     [rbp+var_18], rbx
mov     rax, [rbp+var_18]
mov     rax, [rax]
mov     rax, [rax]
mov     rdx, [rbp+var_18]
mov     rdi, rdx
call    rax
mov     eax, 0
add     rsp, 18h
pop     rbx
pop     rbp
retn
; } // starts at 1169
main endp
```

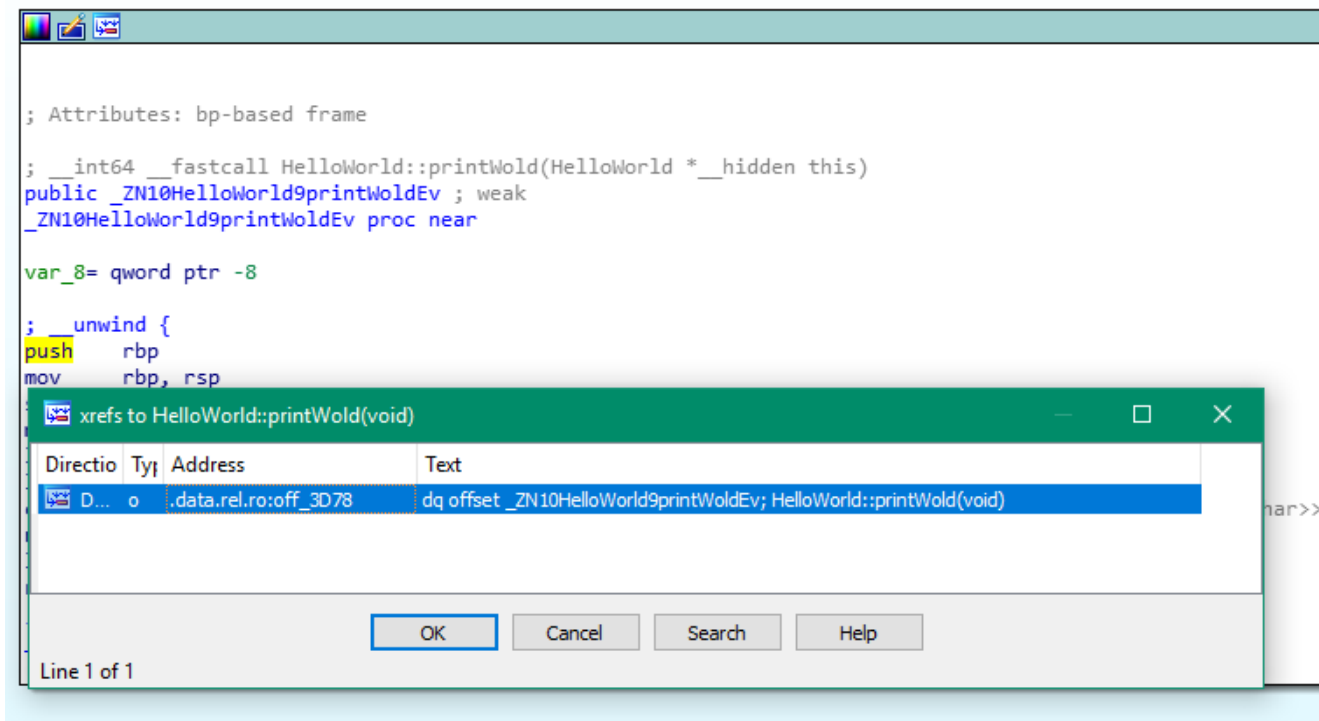
After Devi

```
; int __cdecl main(int argc, const char **argv, const char **envp)
public main
main proc near

var_18= qword ptr -18h

; __unwind {
push    rbp
mov     rbp, rsp
push    rbx
sub     rsp, 18h
mov     edi, 8           ; unsigned __int64
call    __Znwm           ; operator new(ulong)
mov     rbx, rax
mov     rdi, rbx        ; this
call    _ZN10HelloWorldC2Ev ; HelloWorld::HelloWorld(void)
mov     [rbp+var_18], rbx
mov     rax, [rbp+var_18]
mov     rax, [rax]
mov     rax, [rax]
mov     rdx, [rbp+var_18]
mov     rdi, rdx
call    rax              ; HelloWorld::printWold(void)
mov     eax, 0
add     rsp, 18h
pop     rbx
pop     rbp
retn
; } // starts at 1169
main endp
```

Before Dev



```
; Attributes: bp-based frame  
  
; __int64 __fastcall HelloWorld::printWold(HelloWorld *__hidden this)  
public __ZN10HelloWorld9printWoldEv ; weak  
__ZN10HelloWorld9printWoldEv proc near  
  
var_8= qword ptr -8  
  
; __unwind {  
push    rbp  
mov     rbp, rsp
```

Directio	Tyt	Address	Text
D...	o	.data.rel.ro:off_3D78	dq offset __ZN10HelloWorld9printWoldEv; HelloWorld::printWold(void)

Line 1 of 1



After Devi

```
; Attributes: bp-based frame  
  
; __int64 __fastcall HelloWorld::printWold(HelloWorld * __hidden this)  
public _ZN10HelloWorld9printWoldEv ; weak  
_ZN10HelloWorld9printWoldEv proc near  
  
var_8= qword ptr -8  
  
; __unwind {  
push    rbp
```

xrefs to HelloWorld::printWold(void)

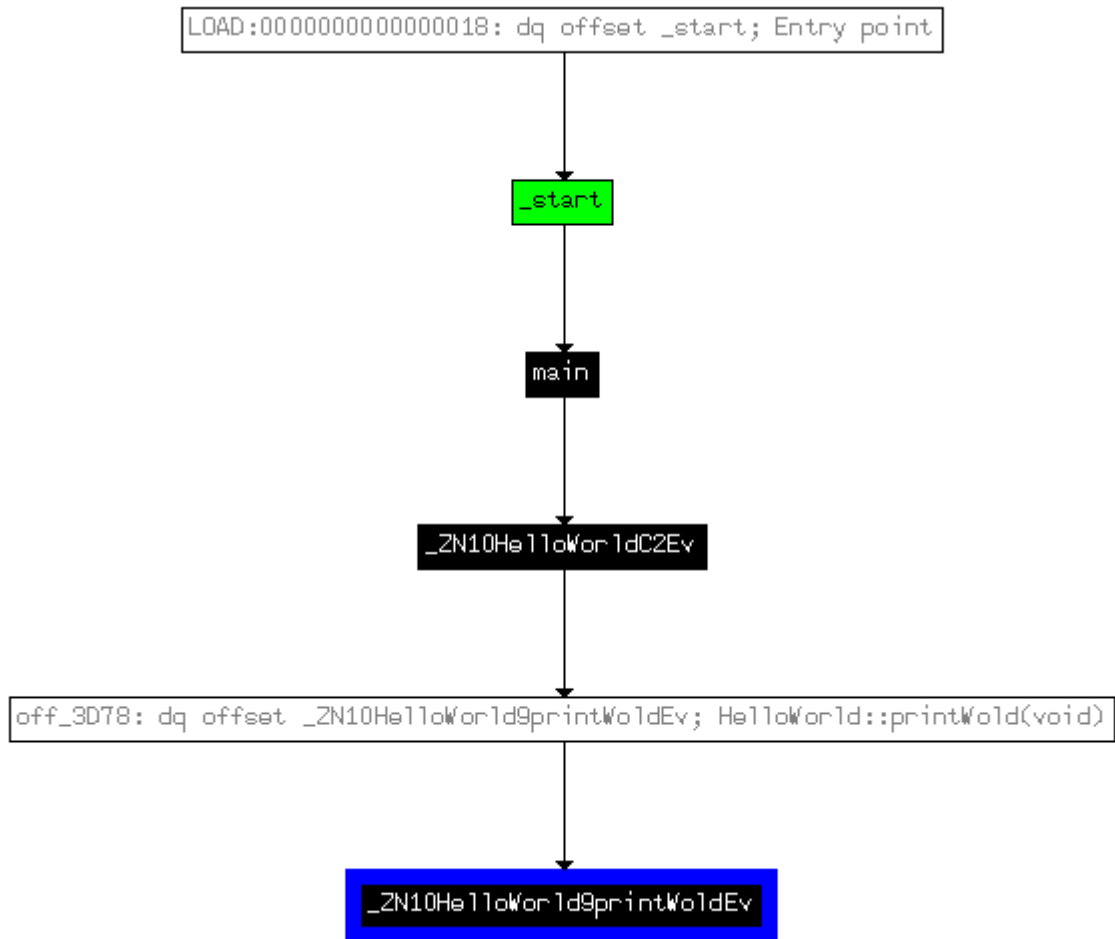
Direction	Type	Address	Text
Up	p	main+33	call rax; HelloWorld::printWold(void)
D...	o	.data.rel.ro:off_3D78	dq offset _ZN10HelloWorld9printWoldEv; HelloWorld::printWold(void)

OK Cancel Search Help

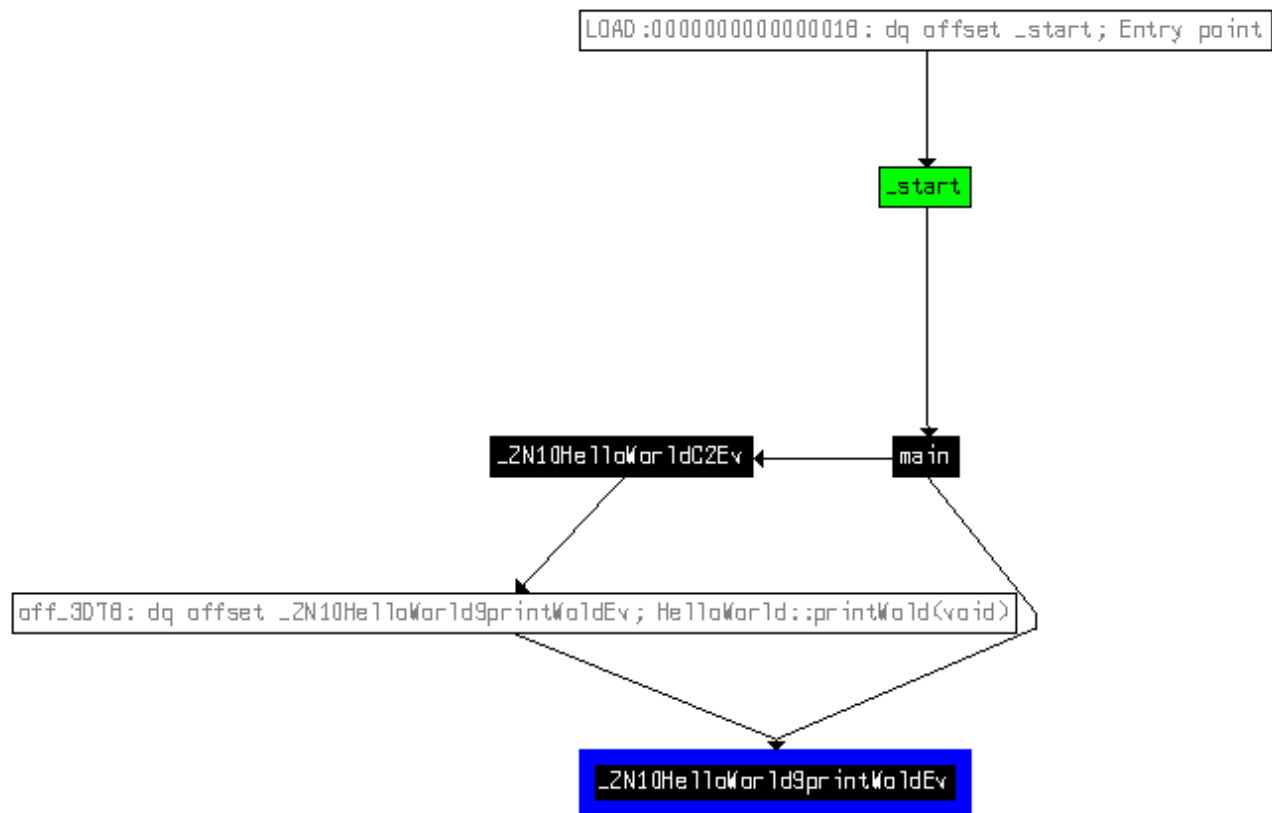
Line 1 of 2



Before Dev



After Devi



## Plans for the future

- Support more disassemblers
  - Ghidra
  - Binary Ninja
- Support more DBI frameworks
  - Intel PIN
  - DynamoRio
- Write some tests and publish

Thank you for you attention!

Questions?



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